

1 SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON  
2 FOR KING COUNTY

3 COLETTE COMPTON; )  
4 Plaintiff, )  
5 v. ) No.: 17-2-31568-1 SEA  
6 BIOMET, INC.; BIOMET ORTHOPEDICS, LLC; ) COMPLAINT FOR  
7 BIOMET U.S. RECONSTRUCTION, LLC; ) PERSONAL INJURY  
8 BIOMET MANUFACTURING, LLC; ZIMMER )  
9 BIOMET HOLDINGS, INC; NORTHWEST )  
10 BIOMET, INC.; JAMES REIFF, II; JOHN )  
11 CUCKLER, M.D.; and ALABAMA MEDICAL )  
12 CONSULTANTS, INC.; )  
13 Defendants. )  
14 /

15 **COMPLAINT**

16 Plaintiff, COLETTE COMPTON; (“Plaintiff”), brings suit against Defendants; BIOMET,  
17 INC.; BIOMET ORTHOPEDICS, LLC; BIOMET U.S. RECONSTRUCTION, LLC; BIOMET  
18 MANUFACTURING, LLC; AND ZIMMER BIOMET HOLDINGS, INC (hereafter collectively  
19 referred to as “Biomet”); NORTHWEST BIOMET, INC. and JAMES REIFF, II (hereafter  
20 collectively referred to as “Distributor”); and JOHN CUCKLER, M.D. and ALABAMA  
21 MEDICAL CONSULTANTS, INC. (hereafter collectively referred to as “Cuckler”), and states  
22 as follows:

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## PARTIES, VENUE AND JURISDICTION

1. This is a lawsuit regarding a defective metal on metal hip replacement system implanted in Plaintiff which was designed, developed, manufactured, labelled, promoted, marketed, sold, and supplied by Defendants.

2. The particular hip replacement system at issue in this case is the "Biomet Magnum Metal on Metal Hip Replacement System" (hereafter referred to as the "Magnum").

3. Plaintiff was implanted with the Magnum hip replacement system in the State of Washington.

4. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant BIOMET, INC, was and is an

1 Indiana-based multinational corporation, with its corporate headquarters in Warsaw, Indiana and  
2 facilities world-wide. Further, at all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendants BIOMET  
3 ORTHOPEDICS, LLC; BIOMET U.S. RECONSTRUCTION, LLC; and BIOMET  
4 MANUFACTURING, LLC each are and have been wholly owned subsidiaries of Defendant  
5 BIOMET, INC. In June of 2015, BIOMET, INC, was purchased by ZIMMER BIOMET  
6 HOLDINGS, INC, also having its world-wide corporate headquarters in Warsaw, Indiana. From  
7 June of 2015 to present, all activities relating to the product at issue in this case were directed  
8 and controlled by ZIMMER BIOMET HOLDINGS, INC. Hereafter, these defendants are  
9 referred to collectively as “Biomet Defendants” or simply “Biomet.”

10 5. At all times relevant to this Complaint, JAMES REIFF, II was a citizen of the  
11 State of Washington residing at 4440 193rd Avenue, Issaquah, Washington.

12 6. At all times relevant to this Complaint, NORTHWEST BIOMET, INC. was a  
13 citizen of the State of Washington with its principal place of business at 13221 Southeast 26th  
14 Street, Suite B, Bellevue, Washington.

15 7. At all times relevant to this Complaint, JAMES REIFF, II, individually and  
16 operating through his company NORTHWEST BIOMET, INC., had an exclusive agreement  
17 with the Biomet Defendants for educating orthopedic surgeons about available Biomet hip  
18 replacement systems and the advantages, benefits, indications, templating, surgical implantation,  
19 and follow-up of those Biomet hip replacement systems in the State of Washington. Hereafter,  
20 these defendants will be referred to collectively as “Distributor.”

21 8. The information that Distributor provided about Biomet hip replacement systems  
22 far exceeded the information provided on Magnum packaging or labeling.

23 9. Distributor’s sales representatives selected the components and tools to have  
24  
25

1 present in the operating room when the Plaintiff was surgically implanted with the Magnum.

2 10. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Plaintiff's surgeons relied upon  
3 information provided by Distributors' sales representatives in selecting the Magnum hip  
4 replacement for implantation into the Plaintiff's body.

5 11. Distributor profited from the promotion, sale, and servicing of the Magnum hip  
6 replacements at issue in the instant case.

7 12. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant JOHN CUCKLER, M.D. was  
8 and is a citizen of the State of Florida.

9 13. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant ALABAMA MEDICAL  
10 CONSULTANTS, INC. was and is an Alabama corporation with its principal place of business  
11 in Naples, Florida, and as such is a citizen of the State of Florida.

12 14. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant JOHN CUCKLER, M.D.,  
13 personally and through his company, ALABAMA MEDICAL CONSULTANTS, INC., received  
14 royalties and financially profited from his design, development, and promotion of the Magnum  
15 metal on metal hip replacement system. Hereafter, these defendants will be referred to,  
16 collectively, as "Cuckler."  
17

18 15. Cuckler profited from the promotion, sale, and servicing of the Magnum hip  
19 replacements at issue in the instant case.

20 16. Cuckler consented to the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of Washington.

21 17. Jurisdiction is proper in the courts of the State of Washington because the  
22 Distributor defendants are both citizens of the State of Washington, Cuckler has consented to be  
23 sued in the State of Washington, and Plaintiff was implanted with the Magnum hip replacement  
24 in the State of Washington.  
25

1 18. Venue is proper in the Superior Court of Washington in and for King County in  
2 that both the principal place of business and the residence of the Distributor defendants are in  
3 King County.

4 19. Suit is brought on behalf of Plaintiff for damages in excess of \$75,000.

5 **STATEMENT OF FACTS**

6  
7 **A. The Biomet Magnum is different than the typical hip replacement**

8 20. A hip replacement surgery replaces the natural head and socket of the hip joint  
9 with artificial components.

10 21. The majority of hip replacements implanted world-wide over the past several  
11 decades have utilized a replacement hip joint consisting of a metal head making contact with an  
12 ultra-heavy duty plastic cup inside a metal shell.

13 22. This typical hip replacement consisting of a metal-plastic interface has been  
14 refined to the point that ultra-heavy duty plastic hip replacements have a greater than 99.5  
15 percent success rate per year.

16 23. The Biomet Magnum instead uses a metal replacement head interfacing directly  
17 with a metal shell; there is no plastic liner in the Magnum. Accordingly, this type of hip system  
18 is commonly referred to as a metal on metal hip replacement.

19  
20 **B. Metal on metal hip replacements were tried decades ago and abandoned**

21 24. In the 1960s and early 1970s, hip replacement manufacturers first began to market  
22 metal on metal hip replacements to surgeons.

23 25. Unfortunately, these early metal on metal hip replacements experienced a high  
24 rate of heavy metal poisoning and failure.





1 <http://www.grossortho.com/images/stories/pdf/currenttopics/MetalIonWhitePaper.pdf>. (Last  
2 accessed Nov. 2, 2017).

3 **G. Cuckler conducted secret Magnum marketing campaign in exchange for millions of**  
4 **dollars**

5 41. In conjunction with the promotion of the Magnum hip replacement, Cuckler gave  
6 speeches and published articles such as “The Rationale for Metal-on-Metal Total Hip  
7 Arthroplasty” published in 2005, claiming that there were “no adverse physiologic effects” to  
8 metal on metal hip replacements.

9 42. At the time that Cuckler published the above article, Biomet was paying Cuckler a  
10 percentage of the sale price of Magnum metal on metal hip replacement systems sold in the  
11 United States, something Cuckler failed to mention in the article promoting such hip  
12 replacements.

13 43. Pursuant to a Deferred Prosecution Agreement with the Department of Justice, in  
14 2008, Biomet made public that Cuckler received payments from Biomet of between \$3.0 and  
15 \$3.1 million dollars in just the previous year. Extrapolating the one year that Biomet’s payments  
16 to Cuckler are publically available, leads to the conclusion that Cuckler has received tens of  
17 millions of dollars from Biomet.  
18

19 **H. Thousands of Magnum hip replacements are implanted in Washington citizens**  
20

21 44. Defendants’ promotion of the Magnum hip replacement was extremely  
22 successful.

23 45. In Washington State alone, thousands of Magnum metal on metal hip  
24 replacements were sold by Defendants and surgically implanted into the bodies of patients.  
25



1           46.     These hip replacements implanted in Washington citizens were designed by  
2 Cuckler and Biomet; promoted by Cuckler, Biomet, and Distributor; sold by Biomet and  
3 Distributor; and implantation and follow-up instruction was provided to surgeons by Cuckler,  
4 Biomet, and Distributor.

5                   **I. Defendants continue to claim that the Magnum is safe and successful**

6           47.     Defendants sold Magnum hip replacements for implantation into the bodies of  
7 patients up to the year 2014.

8           48.     Defendants ceased selling Biomet Magnum metal on metal hip replacement in  
9 2014.

10           49.     However, Defendants have continued to reassure surgeons and the public that the  
11 heavy metal poisoning seen with other metal on metal hip replacements is not an issue with the  
12 Magnum.

13           50.     To this day, Defendants continue to claim to orthopedic surgeons and the public  
14 that the Magnum is a safe and successful product.

15                   **J. In 2010 Johnson & Johnson voluntarily recalled almost identical hip replacement**

16           51.     Approximately the same time as Defendants began selling the Magnum, Johnson  
17 & Johnson began selling the DePuy ASR.

18           52.     The DePuy ASR was almost identical to the Magnum in its primary design  
19 features.

20           53.     Like the Magnum, the DePuy ASR was a monoblock metal on metal hip  
21 replacement system with its cobalt chromium alloy head articulating against its cobalt chromium  
22 alloy shell.  
23  
24  
25





1 without such an enhanced protocol, patients may be at risk.

2 71. The Isala Klinieken reported some of its finding regarding the Magnum in a  
3 British medical journal.<sup>5</sup>

4 72. Despite all of these critical warnings provided by the Isala Klinieken, Defendants  
5 failed to inform surgeons or patients in the State of Washington of the study, ignored the need for  
6 follow-up screening, and instead continued to promote the Magnum for implantation into the  
7 bodies of patients.

8  
9 **N. Finland university reports severe adverse reactions from Magnum heavy metal  
debris**

10 73. Likewise, Turku University in Turku, Finland has historically had a long and  
11 close relationship with Biomet.

12 74. From 2005 to 2012, the Biomet Magnum metal on metal hip replacement was the  
13 most commonly implanted hip replacement at Turku University.

14 75. In 2013, Turku University reported to Biomet that when the University examined  
15 a sample of their patients implanted with the Magnum, over half of the patients were  
16 experiencing ARMD or “Adverse Reaction to Metal Debris” from the Magnum.

17 76. MRIs of the sample of Turku University Magnum patients revealed that over half  
18 had a psuedotumor or fluid collection in their hip.

19 77. Despite its long and close relationship with Biomet, in a 2013 publication of the  
20 Nordic Orthopedic Federation, Turku University stated that “ARMD is common after ...  
21  
22  
23

24 <sup>5</sup> Bosker B, Ettema H, Boomsma M, et al. High incidence of pseudotumour formation after large-diameter metal-on-  
25 metal total hip replacement: a prospective cohort study. *J Bone Joint Surg Br.* 2012 Jun;94(6):755-61.

1 Magnum total hip arthroplasty, and we discourage the use of this device.”<sup>6</sup>

2 78. Defendants failed to inform surgeons or patients in the State of Washington of  
3 this study, that Turku University had discouraged use of the Magnum, the need for surgeons to  
4 screen their patients for Adverse Reaction to Metal Debris, and instead continued to promote the  
5 Magnum for implantation into the bodies of patients.

6 **O. Biomet used Olympic gymnast Mary Lou Retton as Magnum spokesperson**

7 79. As part of the promotion of the Magnum hip replacement, Biomet hired Olympic  
8 gold-metal gymnast, Mary Lou Retton, as a spokesperson.

9 80. Mary Lou Retton had received a Magnum hip replacement in 2005.

10 81. Biomet heavily promoted to surgeons and the public that the Magnum hip allowed  
11 “younger, more active patients, like Mary Lou” to “return to her normal activities, including her  
12 workout schedule.”<sup>7</sup>

13 82. Mary Lou Retton was used by Defendants to promote the Magnum in brochures,  
14 in newspapers, on radio and television, and in-person to orthopedic surgeons and the public.<sup>8</sup>

15 83. A heading on Biomet’s website proclaims “Mary Lou lives pain-free, and so  
16 should you.”<sup>9</sup>

17  
18 **P. Mary Lou Retton has sued Biomet over defective Magnum hip replacement**

19 84. Unfortunately, Mary Lou Retton, like the Plaintiff in this action, is a Magnum  
20

21  
22 <sup>6</sup> Mokka J, Junnila M, Seppänen M, et al. Adverse reaction to metal debris after ReCap-MAGNUM-Magnum large-  
diameter-head metal-on-metal total hip arthroplasty. *Acta Orthopaedica*. 2013;84(6):549-554.

23 <sup>7</sup> See, [http://www.biomet.com/fileLibrary/Patient\\_Education/PatientEdBrochures/Hip/English/Mary%20Lou%20Retton%20-%20Magnum%20Magnum.pdf](http://www.biomet.com/fileLibrary/Patient_Education/PatientEdBrochures/Hip/English/Mary%20Lou%20Retton%20-%20Magnum%20Magnum.pdf) (Last accessed Nov. 2, 2017).

24 <sup>8</sup> See, <http://www.biomet.com/news/getFile.cfm?id=113&rt=inline&type=pr> (Last accessed Nov. 2, 2017).

25 <sup>9</sup> See, [http://www.biomet.com/fileLibrary/Patient\\_Education/PatientEdBrochures/Hip/English/Mary%20Lou%20Retton%20-%20Magnum%20Magnum.pdf](http://www.biomet.com/fileLibrary/Patient_Education/PatientEdBrochures/Hip/English/Mary%20Lou%20Retton%20-%20Magnum%20Magnum.pdf) (Last accessed Nov. 2, 2017).

1 victim.

2 85. While initially “pain-free,” Mary Lou Retton suffered heavy metal poisoning  
3 from the Magnum hip replacement necessitating the surgical removal and replacement of the  
4 metal on metal hip replacement.

5 86. Mary Lou Retton was so severely injured by the Magnum metal on metal hip  
6 replacement, that despite her status as a celebrity spokesperson for the product, she too has sued  
7 the company.

8  
9 **Q. Despite knowing of the failure of the Magnum in Mary Lou Retton for years,  
Biomet continues to claim her a success story**

10 87. Biomet has failed to inform surgeons and the public that Mary Lou Retton  
11 suffered heavy metal poisoning and had to have her Magnum surgically removed.

12 88. Biomet continues to cite to Mary Lou Retton as a patient success story.

13 89. Biomet has known of the failure of Mary Lou Retton’s hip replacement for years,  
14 but has continued to promote to surgeons and the public a false story.

15  
16 **R. Australian government required Biomet to recall Magnum**

17 90. Australia has a world-leading implant registry which keeps track of every  
18 orthopedic hip replacement sold, implanted, and replaced in Australia.

19 91. Biomet ceased selling the Magnum in Australia in 2011.

20 92. In 2014, the Australian government communicated to Biomet that it was seeing  
21 excessive failure rates of the Magnum in Australian patients.

22 93. In 2015, the Australian government issued a “Hazard Alert” recalling the Biomet  
23 Magnum due to a “higher than expected revision rate.”  
24  
25

1 94. Because Biomet had already ceased selling the Magnum in Australia, the  
2 Australian government's recall of the Magnum consisted of the "Hazard Alert" and mandating  
3 Biomet notify implanting surgeons in Australia of the recall and excessive revision rate.

4 95. Defendants have failed to disclose to orthopedic surgeons or the public in the  
5 State of Washington that the Magnum hip replacement was recalled in Australia and that the  
6 Australian government issued a "Hazard Alert" regarding the Magnum.

7  
8 **S. Magnum is a ticking time-bomb implanted in thousands of Washington's citizens'**  
9 **bodies**

10 96. The Biomet Magnum is inherently defective.

11 97. When implanted in patients, it is prone to release toxic levels of cobalt and  
12 chromium.

13 98. Patients thus can suffer heavy metal poisoning, resulting in elevated levels of  
14 cobalt and chromium in the blood, pseudotumors, tissue necrosis, osteolysis, muscle wasting,  
15 and other severe injuries.

16 99. The Defendants' failure to warn surgeons and patients that the Magnum metal on  
17 metal hip replacements that were surgically implanted in patients' bodies may be releasing toxic  
18 heavy metals has left thousands of Washington patients with ticking time-bombs in their hips.

19 100. Based on the studies discussed above and others, hundreds, if not thousands, of  
20 Washington patients have already suffered undiagnosed pseudotumors, tissue death, bone death,  
21 etc. as a result of poisoning from the toxic heavy metals released from the Magnum.

22  
23 **T. Washington State is facing a public health disaster from unmonitored Magnums**

24 101. As a result of Defendants' failure to warn surgeons and patients of the necessity  
25

1 for immediate testing and screening of implanted Magnum hip replacements, the number of  
2 patients poisoned and severely injured by the Magnum will greatly increase.

3 102. The State of Washington is facing a public health disaster from unmonitored  
4 Magnum metal on metal hip replacements.

5 **U. Plaintiff suffered heavy metal poisoning from Magnum**

6  
7 103. Plaintiff was implanted with the Magnum hip replacement, suffered heavy metal  
8 poisoning, tissue necrosis, pseudotumor, and pain.

9 104. As a result of the heavy metal poisoning by the Biomet Magnum, Plaintiff had to  
10 undergo an additional surgical procedure to surgically remove the defective hip replacement and  
11 replace it with one with a heavy duty plastic liner.

12 105. Plaintiff then had to undergo an extensive recovery and rehabilitation.

13 106. As a result, Plaintiff lost her mobility, needlessly suffered severe pain, was forced  
14 to undergo unnecessary revision surgeries, surgical trauma, and extensive rehabilitation.  
15

16 **DAMAGES AND CAUSES OF ACTION**

17 107. As a direct and proximate result of the defective Magnum hip replacement,  
18 Plaintiff suffered injuries, including but not limited to significant pain, tissue destruction, bone  
19 destruction, metal wear, metal poisoning, loss of enjoyment of life, and limitation of daily  
20 activities.

21 108. Plaintiff expects to continue suffering such injuries in the future as a result of the  
22 injuries received from the Magnum.

23 109. As a direct and proximate result of the defective Magnum, Plaintiff incurred  
24 medical expenses and expects to incur additional medical expenses in the future.  
25



1           110. As a direct and proximate result of the defective Magnum, Plaintiff incurred lost  
2 earning potential, income and earnings.

3           111. As a direct and proximate result of the defective Magnum, Plaintiff experienced  
4 emotional trauma and distress and is likely to experience emotional trauma and distress in the  
5 future.

6           112. Plaintiff is not at fault for her own injuries rendering Defendants jointly liable  
7 under Wash. Rev Code Section 4.22.070.

8                           **COUNT ONE – ALL DEFENDANTS – FAILURE TO WARN**  
9                           **[Pursuant to Wash. Rev. Code Section 7.72.010(4)]**

10           113. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the paragraphs above as if fully  
11 stated herein.

12           114. At the time that Defendants designed, developed, promoted and manufactured the  
13 Magnum, such device contained defects that made it unreasonably dangerous beyond the  
14 expectations of the ordinary consumer, and was unfit for its intended use.

15           115. The Magnum reached Plaintiff without substantial change in the condition in  
16 which it was designed, developed, promoted, manufactured, and sold.

17           116. At the time and on the occasions in question, the Magnum was being properly  
18 used for the purpose for which it was intended, and such device was in fact defective, unsafe and  
19 unreasonably dangerous.

20           117. The foreseeable risk of harm from the defects in the Magnum could have been  
21 reduced or avoided by providing adequate instructions or warnings.

22           118. Defendants had a continuing, post-sale duty to warn regarding the unreasonable  
23 risk of harm associated with the Magnum.  
24  
25



1           126. Defendants were aware that they were unable to adequately conform the  
2 manufacturing process to the Magnum's design.

3           127. The Magnum was unreasonably dangerous beyond the expectations of the  
4 ordinary consumer, and was unfit for its intended use.

5           128. The Magnum reached Plaintiff without substantial change in the condition in  
6 which it was sold.

7           129. At the time and on the occasions in question, the Magnum was being properly  
8 used for the purpose for which it was intended, and such device was in fact defective, unsafe and  
9 unreasonably dangerous.

10           130. A number of feasible alternative designs existed at the time Plaintiff was  
11 implanted with the Magnum, including hip replacements utilizing ultra-heavy duty plastic.

12           131. As a direct and proximate result of the defects in the Magnum, Plaintiff suffered  
13 the injuries as described above.  
14

15                   **COUNT THREE – ALL DEFENDANTS – BREACH OF WARRANTY**  
16                   **[Pursuant to Wash. Rev. Code Section 7.72.010(4)]**

17           132. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the paragraphs above as if fully  
18 stated herein.

19           133. Defendants expressly warranted that the Magnum was reasonably fit for its  
20 intended purpose as a hip replacement system. These warranties included, without limitation, the  
21 allegations above as well as the following:

- 22           a. The Magnum produced less wear than competing devices;  
23           b. The Magnum was a clinically safe system;  
24           c. The Magnum was stronger and designed to last longer than competing  
25           d. The Magnum did not exhibit high rates of revisions;  
              e. Fluid film lubrication would prevent contact of the ball and cup during

1 articulation;  
2 f. The Magnum was a safer alternative to metal on plastic hips using ultra-  
3 heavy duty plastic liners.

4 134. Plaintiff was a reasonably foreseeable users of the Magnum.

5 135. Defendant's warranties regarding the Magnum related to material facts regarding  
6 the safety and efficacy of the Magnum.

7 136. Defendant's warranties were part of the basis of the bargain for Plaintiff's  
8 purchase of the Magnum.

9 137. Defendants' warranties proved to be untrue.

10 138. As a direct and proximate result of the breach of the warranties regarding the  
11 Magnum, Plaintiff suffered the injuries as described above.

12 **COUNT FOUR – ALL DEFENDANTS – INTENTIONAL MISREPRESENTATION**  
13 **[Pursuant to Wash. Rev. Code Section 7.72.010(4)]**

14 139. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the paragraphs above as if fully  
15 stated herein.

16 140. As stated above, Defendants made misrepresentations of material facts about the  
17 Magnum or intentionally concealed information about the Magnum from Plaintiff, Plaintiff's  
18 orthopedic surgeons, and the medical community prior to and after Plaintiff was implanted with  
19 the Magnum.

20 141. Additional misrepresentations and concealment included, but were not limited to:

- 21 a. Falsely representing the Magnum as reducing wear and providing higher function  
22 for patients than other available hip systems.  
23 b. Falsely representing that the Magnum is a safer and stronger alternative when  
24 compared with other available hip systems.  
25 c. Falsely representing that the Magnum provided fluid film lubrication.

- 1 d. Failing to disclose the clinical significance and safety concerns regarding heavy  
metal poisoning.  
2 e. Failing to disclose patterns and trends of failure Magnum implants.

3 142. The above representations and omissions were material and were made with the  
4 intent to persuade and induce Plaintiff, Plaintiff's surgeons, and the medical community to  
5 choose and to fail to properly follow-up regarding the Magnum hip replacement system.

6 143. Defendants made the above representations or omissions knowing the  
7 misrepresentations were false or were ignorant of the truth of the assertion.

8 144. Defendants made the above misrepresentations or omissions with the intention of  
9 inducing Plaintiff and Plaintiff's orthopedic surgeon to purchase the Magnum.

10 145. Plaintiff and Plaintiff's orthopedic surgeons relied upon and were induced to act  
11 in reliance on Defendants' misrepresentations or omissions and in fact purchased the Magnum  
12 based on these misrepresentations or omissions.

13 146. As a direct and proximate result of the breach of the warranties regarding the  
14 Magnum, Plaintiff suffered injuries as described above.

15  
16 **COUNT FIVE – BIOMET AND CUCKLER DEFENDANTS – NEGLIGENCE**  
17 **[Pursuant to Wash. Rev. Code Section 7.72.010(4)]**

18 147. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the paragraphs above as if fully  
19 stated herein.

20 148. Biomet and Cuckler designed, tested, distributed, manufactured, advertised, sold,  
21 and marketed the Magnum for implantation into consumers such as Plaintiff by physicians and  
22 surgeons.

23 149. Biomet and Cuckler were negligent and careless in the design, testing,  
24 distribution, manufacture, advertising, sale and marketing of the Magnum.

1           150. Biomet and Cuckler had a duty to perform adequate evaluation on the safety and  
2 efficacy of the Magnum. This included by reasonably gathering information regarding  
3 complaints and revisions and conducting adequate analysis on the information gathered.

4           151. Biomet and Cuckler further had a duty to share the results of its evaluation so that  
5 Plaintiff, Plaintiff's orthopedic surgeons, and the orthopedic community could be adequately  
6 apprised of the risks of the Magnum.

7           152. Biomet and Cuckler failed to adequately evaluate the safety and efficacy of the  
8 Magnum.

9           153. Biomet and Cuckler failed to adequately share the results of its evaluations of the  
10 Magnum with Plaintiff, Plaintiff's orthopedic surgeons, or the orthopedic community.

11           154. Biomet and Cuckler's failures to discharge their duties were a direct and  
12 proximate cause of Plaintiff's injuries as described above.

13  
14                   **COUNT SIX – DISTRIBUTOR DEFENDANTS – NEGLIGENCE**  
15                   **[Pursuant to Wash. Rev. Code Section 7.72.010(4)]**

16           155. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the paragraphs above as if fully  
17 stated herein.

18           156. Distributor marketed, advertised, sold, and distributed the Magnum for  
19 implantation into consumers such as Plaintiff by surgeons.

20           157. Sales representatives working for Distributor were responsible for educating and  
21 continuously guiding surgeons regarding the proper patient selection, surgical planning,  
22 component selection, surgical technique, and post-surgery follow-up.

23           158. Surgeons, such as the Plaintiff's surgeons, reasonably relied upon Distributor to  
24 properly perform these functions and Distributor had a duty to do so.

1 159. Distributor failed to properly perform these functions as described above and their  
2 failure to discharge these duties were a direct and proximate cause of Plaintiff's injuries as  
3 described above.

4 **COUNT SEVEN – ALL DEFENDANTS – UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES**  
5 **[Pursuant to Wash. Rev. Code Section 19.86.010]**

6 160. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the paragraphs above as if fully  
7 stated herein.

8 161. The acts by Defendants in this cause of action include, but are not limited to, the  
9 following deceptive and unfair acts:

- 10 a. Representing the Magnum as a device clinically proven to be safe and effective.  
11 b. Representing the Magnum to be of a higher quality and more desirable product  
12 than other available alternatives.  
13 c. Failing to disclose adequate information about the safety and efficacy of the  
14 Magnum either before or after Plaintiff's purchase.  
15 d. Knowingly providing inadequate warnings about the Magnum's dangerous  
16 propensities.

17 162. Such acts occurred in the course of trade or commerce in the State of Washington.

18 163. Such acts affected, and still affect, the public interest of all the citizens of the  
19 State of Washington.

20 164. Such acts caused injury to Plaintiff as described above.

21 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

22 165. Plaintiff respectfully requests that a jury be impaneled to hear this cause of action  
23 and to award such damages as the jury finds to be fair and reasonable under the circumstances.

24 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully demands judgment against Defendants for  
25 compensatory damages and any other relief the Court deems just and proper.

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Dated this 7<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2017.

**ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF**



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