

Polyneuropathy (“CIDP”) and related complications as a result of receiving the influenza (“flu”) vaccine.

Respondent denies that Petitioner’s CIDP and any related medical problems were caused by the receipt of the flu vaccine. Nonetheless both parties, while maintaining their above-stated positions, agreed in a stipulation filed February 4, 2015 that the issues before them can be settled, and that a decision should be entered awarding Petitioner compensation.

I have reviewed the file, and based upon that review, I conclude that the parties’ stipulation is reasonable. I therefore adopt it as my decision in awarding damages on the terms set forth therein.

The stipulation awards:

- a. A lump sum of \$806,560.40, in the form of a check payable to petitioner. This amount represents compensation for past and future lost earnings, past and future pain and suffering, and past and future unreimbursable out of pocket expenses; and
- b. A lump sum of \$46,609.27, in the form of a check payable jointly to petitioner and SC Department of Health & Human Services. This amount represents reimbursement of a State of South Carolina Medicaid lien.

Stipulation ¶ 8.

I approve a Vaccine Program award in the requested amount set forth above to be made to Petitioner. In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the clerk of the court is directed to enter judgment herewith.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

/s/ Brian H. Corcoran
Brian H. Corcoran
Special Master

42 U.S.C.A. § 300aa-10-§ 300aa-34 (West 1991 & Supp. 2002). All citations in this decision to individual sections of the Vaccine Act are to 42 U.S.C.A. § 300aa.

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), the parties may expedite entry of judgment by jointly filing notice renouncing their right to seek review.